

MAY BE GROVER

Indications Point to His Election.

NEW YORK'S MAJORITY

The People's Party Out a Big Figure.

CALIFORNIA STILL REPUBLICAN

Chairman Carter Says That Results Show Harrison to be Elected by a Good Majority.

NEW YORK, November 8.—Chairman Carter issued the following bulletin at midnight:

"On returns received by the Republican committee at midnight Harrison and Boyd have carried California, Maine, Massachusetts, 10 votes of Michigan, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Idaho, Colorado, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Wisconsin, Montana, North Dakota, Washington, Wyoming, Nebraska, Indiana and Delaware, or 229 electoral votes—a majority of six in the electoral college. Our own advice at this hour is that we have more than an even chance to carry West Virginia. Chairman Harris of the Democratic committee says that he has no doubt of Cleveland and Stevenson's election. He claims New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, New Jersey, Ohio, Illinois, and thinks Harrison has lost some of the western states."

NEW YORK, November 8.—The Tribune will tomorrow morning say: "Returns received at the hour of writing are not satisfactory to the Republicans. It can only be said the returns are not at hand to justify the assertion that the several great western states have given their electoral votes to Cleveland, and without these votes he is still in danger. It is disappointing that the Tribune failed to carry New York. The uncertainty in the great Democratic cities turned our majorities sufficient to overpower the votes of Republican counties which appear to have been down below expectations. Returns from any considerable part of New Jersey it can only be assumed that the state has gone Democratic as usual."

NEW YORK, November 8.—Chairman Carter says that even if Indiana is conceded, with the loss of New York, the election is secured, and a Republican victory in that state is assured. The vote of Indiana added to other Republican votes in the electoral college, makes the re-election of President Harrison. Eliminating entirely from consideration the state of New York the Republican can still elect with the vote of Connecticut, West Virginia and Delaware without the vote of Indiana, had having the vote of Indiana assured we are not driven to our third line. Benjamin Harrison will be the next President of the United States by the virtual majority of the vote cast in the electoral college."

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ILLINOIS. Chicago, 10 p.m.—The probability is that Cleveland has carried Illinois and Attended Democratic candidate for Governor, by 1500 to 1000 majority. Chicago will give the Democratic ticket 30,000 majority, and the balance of Cook county will reduce that 25,000. Republican headquarters do not claim over 10,000 to 15,000 for Fifer outside of Cook county. The Daily News extra claims Illinois for Cleveland by over 20,000.

MINNESOTA. OMAHA, November 8.—A much heavier vote was cast in Nebraska than was anticipated by the campaign managers of all parties. Fully three-quarters of the Democratic vote was thrown to the Weaver electors, so the direct vote for Harrison counts very little figure. Returns are coming in very slow, and it will be ten hours before the result can be known, but figures largely indicate the success of the Weaver electors.

NEBRASKA. Lincoln—A dozen precincts outside of this county, received up to 11 p.m., show the general purpose on the part of Democrats to vote for Weaver electors, but no estimate can be had on the state ticket since that a slight falling off in the independent vote.

BYRON, Democrat, is elected congressman in the first district.

TOPEKA, November 8.—Kansas gives a majority for the Weaver electors, but the Republicans have saved the state ticket.

Partial returns from the seventh congressional district, now represented by Jerry Simpson, indicates his defeat.

MEASURES RETURNED FROM VARIOUS COUNTIES indicate that the Weaver fusion ticket has been elected by a small majority, but the fusion state ticket is defeated. The poll was very heavy, but not so large as expected, many Democrats refraining from voting. Those who did vote to the polls generally voted the Weaver electoral ticket.

Chairman Stevenson of Republican state central committee at midnight claimed everything. Harrison electors said would have at least 10,000 majority and estimated at 20,000. He claims also election of full Republican congressional delegation. Chairman Brice of People's Party committee claims election of Weaver by 10,000 majority, but admitted doubt as to state ticket. He claims five of ten congressmen.

ST. PAUL, November 8.—Owing to the strength of the Farmers' Alliance and the success of the People's Party in the state of Minnesota this year, the fighting grounds of the Presidential campaign have been disturbed. This was made apparent when the Democratic leaders induced four electors of the People's Party. All the parties fought for the seven congressional districts. The weather was over the state today was not very cool, and no far as reported the vote cast was the fullest ever known.

WISCONSIN. MILWAUKEE, November 8.—Chairman Wall claims the state for Cleveland by 15,000 majority. Chairman Payne says Wisconsin will be in line for Harrison by 30,000 and possibly 40,000.

NORTH DAKOTA. BISMARCK, November 8.—Election today on Presidential electors was between Republicans and People's Party, a narrow vote. Cold weather did not keep voters at home as the greatest interest was shown in the result.

SOUTH DAKOTA. YANKTON, November 8.—Ottawa Delmiller, chairman of the Democratic state committee, at 10 o'clock tonight conceded the election of the Republican state ticket by 5000 plurality, but claims the Weaver Presidential electors chosen by 5000 plurality.

NEVADA. Reno, November 8.—It is conceded by all parties that Weaver carries party by 1500. Newlands, silver party, is elected to congress. The result as to the legislature is not yet certain, but it is generally believed the silver party has a majority, which will insure the election of Stewart to the United States senate.

WASHINGTON. TACOMA, November 8.—The ledger's returns from the state indicate that Harrison's plurality will be over 7000.

MISSOURI. ST. LOUIS, November 8.—Maagie dispatches from all parts of the state indicate net Democratic gains of 25 per cent over 1888. This will give the state to Cleveland by 30,000 to 35,000 and to Stone, Democrat, for governor.

OHIO. COLUMBUS, November 8.—At midnight Chairman Dink of the Republican state committee claims the Harrison electors of Ohio will have a plurality of from 25,000 to 25,000.

GEORGIA. AUGUSTA, November 8.—Richmond county will, no Black, Democrat, nearly 9000 majority.

Returns from other districts indicate that the Democrats will carry every district in Georgia and a solid Democratic delegation to the next congress. The third party candidates in every district were snuffed under.

SOUTH CAROLINA. CHAMBERLAIN, November 8.—With the possible exception of the seventh district South Carolina returns a solid Democratic delegation to congress, and chooses Cleveland electors.

NEW JERSEY. TRENTON, November 8.—Not a half of the election districts of the state have been heard from at 11 p.m., but a careful estimate gives Cleveland 15,200, Harrison 10,400. Cleveland's plurality in 1888 was 7149.

VERMONT. WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, November 8.—Returns from 50 Vermont towns give Harrison 12,705, Cleveland 8604, Bidwell 443, a Republican decrease of 1984.

MAINE. PORTLAND, November 8.—Indications are that the state will go Republican by a reduced majority.

ST. LOUIS II. STROCKTON, November 8.—Stimbold had the world athletic record at 2:03 1/2 for ten days, until an eastern horse, Krenlin, went the mile in 2:08 1/2 last Saturday. Today Walter Mehen does the great California staller a mile in 2:08 flat, winning the record again and showing that he can hold it. The day was fine and the horse was never better.

VIRGINIA. RICHMOND, November 8.—At midnight half of the counties and all the large cities in Virginia give Cleveland a plurality of between 25,000 and 30,000.

CALIFORNIA. SAN FRANCISCO, November 8.—Complete returns from fifty-one precincts in thirty-eight counties give Harrison 1497, Cleveland 1330, Weaver 167. The same in 1888 gave Harrison 1537, Cleveland 1347—a net Republican loss of 37. Preliminary bulletins indicate that the Weaver vote was drawn largely from the Republicans.

Republicans claim Hillborn, Republican, elected congressman of the third district. Not a city precinct is yet obtainable and the count is progressing slowly. The Republicans claim the county by a plurality of over 1500, and most of the county ticket is elected. Congressmen doubtful.

The count of the vote in this has progressed very slowly, and little more than half of the general tickets had been counted at 3 a.m. These incomplete returns show the following results: Cleveland 21,906, Harrison 14,304, Bidwell 1537, Bidwell 337. Complete returns from 35 out of 275 precincts in this city give Cleveland 2762, Harrison 2544, Weaver 241, Bidwell 67.

Thirty-third assembly district—Harrison 602, Cleveland 838, Bidwell 131, Weaver 61. Congressmen—Alexander 459, Burton 98, C. L. Linn 727, Smita senior—Horn, Non-Partisan, 205; Mitchell, Democrat, 727; Potter, People's, 61; Windsor, Republican, 315; Assembly—Berry, Non-Partisan, 350; Harlow, Democrat, 678; McWhorter, People's, 72; Wood, Republican, 409.

Complete returns from 262 precincts in California outside of San Francisco give Harrison 5027, Cleveland 4803, Weaver 1361. The total number of precincts in the state outside of San Francisco is 1024.

8 a.m.—Following is the result of the congressional election in California so far as counted at this hour, returns being from 37 out of 432 precincts: First district gives Davis, Republican, 1317; Cleary, Democrat, 1387. Four out of 451 precincts in the second district give Dine Davis, Rep., 1672; Caminetti, Dem., 1773.

Twenty-six out of 238 precincts in the third give Hillborn, Rep., 1335; English, Dem., 1221. Twenty-nine out of 275 precincts in the fourth give Alexander, Rep., 1972; Maguire, Dem., 1742. Fourteen out of 184 in the fifth give Lord, Republican, 684; Ryland, Democrat, 674.

Twenty out of 75 in the sixth give Lindley, Republican, 755; Connor, Democrat and People's Party, 1067. Fifty-two out of 443 in the seventh give Bowers, Republican, 1451; Wellborn, Democrat, 1404.

Oakland—Republicans claim the entire Alameda county ticket with the exception of sheriff and tax collector. It is thought that Ingler, Republican for the assembly has been defeated by McElroy, Democrat.

Los Angeles—Fugratory counts from a number of city precincts indicate the Republican majority in the city as much reduced and that Marion Cannon will carry it over Lindley, who has not much behind him. Ingler, Republican, is leading Morse, Republican, for the thirty-seventh assembly—This is from a Democratic source.

MUCH INTEREST. WASHINGTON, November 8.—The usual interest is displayed here in the results of the election. Large crowds congregated on Pennsylvania avenue and other principal streets and watched with interest the figures flashed on the bulletin boards.

President Harrison received the returns at the White House, in company with Secretary Foster, Attorney General Miller and Secretary Tracy. They continued receiving returns after midnight.

How They Voted. New York—Ex-President Cleveland left the house and walked to the polling place, at 373 Sixth avenue. There were twenty-five men in line ahead of the president, and as they recognized him they raised their hats and bowed. It took him just six minutes to prepare his tickets. They were in proper order, and as soon as deposited in their respective boxes the ex-president went home.

Governor Flower, after devoting six minutes to his tickets, came out and bowed, his hat in one hand, and was not properly folded and he was obliged to do the work over again, occupying eight minutes.

White Plains—Whitlock Reid arrived here from New York this morning and proceeded to the polls in the first district, where he voted, then drove to his home at Ogdensburg.

OFFICIALS CLASH. DOVER, N. Y., November 8.—A quarrel broke out at the seventh ward polling place here between the city police and United States marshals. It resulted first in a free fight and then in the arrest of the marshals, some four or five in number. They were taken before the recorder and admitted to bail.

Three of them, including the chief, were brought before the commissioner who held them to await the action of the United States grand jury. In the meantime the chief of police drew a revolver on a marshal and threatened to shoot unless he was released.

Edward B. Oak rose, senator from this district, had to wear in his vote. A warrant for his arrest was immediately afterwards procured.

DICK AND HIS GUN. SAN FRANCISCO, November 8.—Dick Creighton, an ex-state senator who served a term of imprisonment for subornation, was arrested this afternoon by a police officer on the charge of carrying a concealed weapon.

Creighton had been actively engaged in political work about the polls in the twenty-ninth district and had been in an altercation with a voter which led to his drawing a pistol. He was suppressed before any shooting was done.

IN THE DARK. NEW ORLEANS, November 8.—The city was thrown into absolute darkness to night, the electric light workers deciding to strike in sympathy with their fellow laborers. The situation is considered grave and continued conferences are being held by officials. Owing to the darkness the merchants made no more.

CLEVELAND IN.

Ohio Claimed By the Republicans.

BY A SMALL MAJORITY

O'Donnell Ahead For Mayor In San Francisco.

A FREE TRADE CONGRESS

Bossism Rebuked in Many Places—

Illinois and Indiana Claimed

By the Democrats—Weaver's Vote in California.

CALIFORNIA. SAN FRANCISCO, November 9.—8 p.m.—1366 precincts out of 2199 in California, including the entire San Francisco vote, give Harrison 87,559, Cleveland 88,639, Weaver 15,362.

Congressional districts—First—133 out of 422 precincts give Harrison, Republican, 6390; Seary, Democrat, 8799.

Second—196 out of 451 precincts give Caminetti 12,844; Davis, Republican, 11,025.

Third—179 out of 238 give Hillborn, Republican, 10,377; English, Democrat, 11,259.

Fourth, complete—Gives Alexander, Republican, 10,189; Maguire, Democrat, 11,355.

Fifth, including San Francisco, complete—and 49 out of 56 precincts outside of San Francisco, give Lord, Republican, 8639; Ryland, Democrat, 8092.

Sixth—160 out of 275 give Lindley, Republican, 11,011; Connor, Democrat, 10,347.

Seventh—224 out of 413 give Bowers, Republican, 10,036; Wellborn, Democrat, 9066.

The municipal vote is being counted very slowly and will probably not be completed till tomorrow noon. One hundred and thirty-two precincts party counted give for mayor: O'Donnell, Independent, 7139; Elliot, Republican, 7310; Easton, Republican, 3421; Baldwin, Democrat, 4537.

For sheriff: Blanton, Republican, 5412; Scott, Non-Partisan, 5701; McAdams, Democrat, 5745.

Eighteen thousand votes out of a total of 81,000 in this city give Elliot, Non-Partisan, for mayor, 6529; O'Donnell, Independent, 5507; Baldwin, Democrat, 4654; Easton, Republican, 3062.

According to these returns California representatives in the house will be 4 Democrats and 3 Republicans, with the Democrats making the majority.

California's legislature consists of 120 members, 40 senators and 80 assemblymen. Of these the Republicans have 64, the Democrats 56. The party division is, leaving 100 members of the legislature to be voted for. The Republicans must elect 47 to control on joint ballot and the Democrats must elect 55.

Incomplete returns from 10 out of 20 senatorial districts indicate that the Republicans have elected 5 and the Democrats 15 senators.

Complete returns from 73 out of 80 assembly districts indicate that the Republicans have elected 35 and the Democrats 45, and non-partisans 2 assemblymen. The party division of the legislature for the Republicans and 55 for the Democrats.

Of the 8 legislative districts not yet heard from the Republicans must obtain 7 and the Democrats 5 to control on joint ballot.

California returns from 1413 precincts out of 2199, including 267 precincts in San Francisco, give Harrison 94,848, Cleveland 96,840, Weaver 7063.

Complete returns from 1210 precincts in California outside of this city, give Harrison 87,559, Cleveland 88,639, Weaver 15,362.

Eighty-two out of 181 precincts outside of San Francisco in the first district give Lord, Republican, 4713; Ryland, Democrat, 4601; People's Party, 1038. This district gives the city county complete and all but three precincts in San Mateo county.

These figures added to the incomplete returns from that part of the fifth district located in San Francisco, show the result in 1413 precincts in this state. Lord, Republican, 10,317; Ryland, Democrat, 10,831; Morrison, People's Party, 2012. Two hundred and twenty-three out of 275 precincts in the sixth district give Lindley, Republican, 11,328; Connor, Democrat, 10,347.

Two hundred and fifty-nine out of 451 precincts in the seventh district give Bowers, Republican, 11,531; Wellborn, Democrat, 10,567.

Tax collector, Black, Democrat, 7063; O'Brien, Republican, 6915; O'Brien, Non-Partisan, 5505; recorder, Taylor, Republican, 5270; Lee, Republican, 5263; Moran, Non-Partisan, 5572; district attorney, Barnes, Republican, 8759; Beatty, Non-Partisan, 4075; Foote, Democrat, 8185.

E. Dillon, Democrat and People's Party; public administrator, Frank McKelvey, Republican; coroner, H. G. Gates, Republican; surveyor, Streets, Democrat and People's Party; superior second district, A. W. Francis, Republican; fourth district, James H. H. Republican; twelfth district, James H. H. Democrat.

On the legislative ticket, Bull, Republican, Pendleton, Republican, Simpson, Republican, and Andrews, Republican, are probably elected; Fitzgerald, Democrat, and Kearns, Democrat, are elected; Walter Moore, Republican, was defeated for the senate by Matthews, Democrat.

WASHINGTON. TACOMA, November 9.—The Republican state central committee claim McGraw is elected governor by a plurality of from 1500 to 3000. The Democrats do not concede McGraw's election and claim Carroll, Democrat, is elected congressman. The legislature will probably be Republican.

Seattle—Incomplete returns from 23 counties out of 34, and an estimate of the remainder, indicate that McGraw, Republican, will have from 3000 to 3000 plurality; Wilson and Doolittle, Republican, are probably elected to congress; 120 precincts, in giving Doolittle a close race. The legislature is Republican in both houses. The People's Party polled about 18,000 votes out of a total of 65,000. Harrison's plurality will be from 5000 to 6000.

UPLAND. SALT LAKE, November 9.—Corrected returns today indicate the election of J. I. Raellos, Democrat, as delegate by about 2000 majority. The Liberals carry the county ticket by an average of 700 plurality.

IDAHO. BOISE, November 9.—Indications are that the Republican majority in Idaho will be considerably reduced.

KANSAS. TOPEKA, November 8.—It looks like another Third Party landslide in Kansas with only a few back chances to bear.

Returns already in show that Weaver carried the state by about 2000. The fusion candidate for governor will have a majority of about 1500. The congressional delegation will stand 5 fusion Republicans and 3 Republicans.

Henry Simpson is returned by about 2500. Republicans at 11 o'clock still claim the state by 5500.

NEBRASKA. OMAHA, November 9.—Returns are slow. Indications are that Harrison and Weaver are running close. Both claim the state.

DENVER, November 9.—Returns from two-thirds of the counties give Weaver 22,503, Harrison 17,131.

WISCONSIN. MILWAUKEE, November 9.—The Sentinels figures by counties, partly estimated, of 43 counties out of 48, give a net Democratic plurality of 1984. The counties to hear from are likely to increase this a few hundred.

OHIO. CLEVELAND, November 9.—The Democratic returns from 50 counties show a net Democratic gain of 9497. The remaining 38 counties will probably make the result close. The Democrats claim the state by 2000.

Indications at 10 o'clock tonight are that Ohio has gone Democratic for the first time in a presidential year, though it may require an official count to determine the result.

At Republican headquarters they had received unofficial returns from all but four counties. They claim a plurality of 4000. The Democrats claim a plurality of 3000, and concede that it will require an official count to determine the matter.

Cincinnati, 11:40 p.m.—The Commercial Gazette's figures on the Ohio situation at this hour include official reports from 51 counties. It shows 14,000 Democratic in 1892 leaves but 1500 by the remaining 37 counties. The Weaver gain for Cleveland is nearly 300 per county.

INDIANA. INDIANAPOLIS, November 9.—Returns from thirty counties show a Republican gain of over 4000. The Democrats claim the state by 5000, but this is not conceded by the Republicans.

ILLINOIS. CHICAGO, November 9.—Later returns do not lessen the decisive Democratic victory in Illinois on the national and state tickets. Conservative men of all parties now generally agree that the Democratic plurality in Illinois will approximate 10,000.

Lacked the Votes. PHILADELPHIA, November 9.—Senator Quay arrived this morning from Pittsburgh and soon went to Republican headquarters. Quay silently shook hands with callers and then sinking into a chair said: "This is awful. To the question: 'What do you attribute Republican defeat?'"

Senator Quay tersely replied: "Lack of votes." He would say nothing further.

No Explanations. WASHINGTON, November 9.—Attorney General Miller, Postmaster General Wagonmaker and General Vesey visited the President today during the forenoon and offered all the consolation possible at the party's defeat. Each of them declined to suggest any possible explanation of the Republican loss.

One persistent reporter stuck to Attorney General Miller and asked: "What do you attribute the unexpected loss to?"

The attorney general hesitated a moment and replied quickly: "When a man looks at the situation he doesn't care how he got it."

Due to the Tariff. NEW YORK, November 9.—Whitlaw Reid did not come to town today from Ogdensburg. He remained until after 2 o'clock waiting letters. He arose late and spent the day resting. While greatly disappointed at the success of the Democrats, Mr. Reid said his own defeat carried no personal unhappiness.

"Evidently the whole Republican party does not approve of the tariff policy," he said. "The fact of the matter is not confined to one or two doubtful states, but that it has extended to California, Illinois and Wisconsin, he thought clearly showed that the tariff policy affecting the party throughout the country. Obviously many Republicans thought the tariff had gone too far. In this view it was probably best that the Democratic victory had been complete. Mr. Reid said he had no intention of entering public life again."

Baconball. SAN FRANCISCO—Oakland, San Jose, San Francisco—Los Angeles, San Francisco.

CALIFORNIA'S VOTE.

Both Parties Now Claiming It.

THE LEGISLATURE IN DOUBT

Cabinet Makers Make a Guess as to Whom Cleveland Will Select.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 10.—Following are the latest compilations made tonight upon the congressional vote in California:

Two hundred and twenty-nine out of 421 precincts in the first district give Davis, Republican, 8801; Cleary, Democrat, 12,117; Swafford, People's Party, 585.

Three hundred and twenty-seven precincts out of 451, in the second district, give Davis, Republican, 14,093; Caminetti, Democrat, 17,372.

One hundred and ninety-six out of 238 precincts in the third district give Hillborn, Republican, 12,183; English, Democrat, 11,621; Lyon, People's Party, 2339.

Santa Clara county complete, and all but two precincts in Santa Mateo county and incomplete returns from San Francisco give Lord, Republican, 10,779; Ryland, Democrat, 10,379.

Two hundred and sixty-one out of 275 precincts in the sixth district give Lindley, Republican, 13,804; Connor, Democrat and People's Party, 20,055.

Three hundred and eighty-six out of 443 precincts in the seventh district give Bowers, Republican, 14,339; Wellborn, Democrat, 13,472; Hamilton, People's Party, 4083.

No change is reported from the Fourth district of San Francisco. Returns indicate the election of Maguire, Democrat, by a plurality of from 600 to 1200.

THE LATEST. The chairman of the Democratic state central committee claims that Cleveland's plurality will be 4000, and the Republican committee conceded the state to Cleveland by a small plurality, but returns from the interior of the state came in rapidly during the afternoon; 1200 precincts were reported between noon and the last computation made tonight, and these precincts were principally from several large counties, Los Angeles, San Bernardino, Kern and Fresno being among the number. These later returns not only increased the total vote over 10,000, but they also increased Harrison's plurality nearly 2000.

The computation was made tonight was upon the returns from 1109 precincts out of 1924 outside of San Francisco, and the result was Harrison 81,830, Cleveland 74,536, Weaver 19,211—Harrison's plurality 7445.

Asking Cleveland's plurality in San Francisco at 7:20 it gives Cleveland a net plurality of 47,719. There are still eighteen precincts in the state from which less than two-thirds of the precincts have reported. These counties are Alpine, Calaveras, Del Norte, Humboldt, Inyo, Lake, Mendocino, Mono, Modoc, Nevada, Plumas, Shasta, Siskiyou, Sonoma, Trinity, Tulahoma and Ventura.

These counties complete gave Harrison in 1888 a plurality of 512. According to these figures it seems that the ultimate result will depend upon Cleveland's actual plurality in San Francisco and final returns from the 425 precincts in the interior which have not yet reported.

The Republican state committee concedes that Cleveland will have 6000 plurality outside of San Francisco, and the result was Harrison 81,830, Cleveland 74,536, Weaver 19,211—Harrison's plurality 7445.

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## THE C. L. A. S. BAZAAR

## A Large Crowd Attend Its Opening.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE BOOTHS

## Voting for the Most Popular Candidate for Sheriff—Other Interesting Features.

The Catholic Ladies' Aid society opened their bazaar last evening in assembly hall and it was visited by a large number of people. The affair is given for the benefit of the poor of this city, regardless of sect, and is worthy of patronage by the liberally inclined.

Three handsome booths are in place at which various articles are for sale and the ladies in charge did a good business last evening. The pink booth is in charge of Mrs. W. J. Williams and Miss Lillian Fain, assisted by Mrs. T. G. Hart, Mrs. W. D. Crishton and Misses Ora Davidson, Belle Lampe and Mabel O'Brien.

The booth is handsomely draped in pink and surrounded by a large Japanese umbrella. It is illuminated by Japanese lanterns. The ladies have on sale pretty room decorations of all kinds, many of them made by themselves. At this booth are reserved seats for the most popular little lady in Fresno and the winner will be announced next Monday evening, with the drawing of the prize. The ladies have on sale some dolls, some of which are very nice. The Japanese reporter left last evening the vote stood as follows: Miss Zita Fahy 76, Miss Mabel McConzie 71, Miss Lillian Fain 67 and Miss Mabel Johnson 65.

The red and cream booth, a very handsome one, is in charge of a lady of charming young ladies. They are Mrs. E. M. Lane, Misses Annie and Katie Saliba, Misses John and Mary, Misses Mollie and Edith Kennedy and Misses Inez and Anderson. Pretty articles of needlework are for sale at this booth. Considerable interest is being taken in the vote for the most popular candidate for sheriff, which is being held in this booth. There is a property qualification and the vote was somewhat light last night, but the interest is bound to increase in the morning.

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## GOOD RESULTS

## Of the Guard in the National Reservation.

Captain J. H. Dorst and wife are at the Palace on their way to the Nevada. The captain has fifty men in the National park, and they will probably remain there till snow set in, says the Visalia Times. Captain Dorst says if the troops are removed now that hunters will rush into the park and kill the deer and grouse which have gathered there this year for safety. He says the hunters went into the park last year as soon as the troops left, and if he had his way the soldiers would be in the park this year till January 1st.

## SNAKE THIEVES

## Again at the Game of Stealing Property From Vehicles.

A colonel drove into this city last night with several members of his family who were going to take one of the trains. While they were away eating dinner at a hotel some sneaky thief stole out of the wagon a value full of children's clothing and a large overcoat with a clock strapped to it.

## SILVA ARRESTED

## For Burglary Entry Into Alex Brown's House.

City Marshal J. D. Morgan left this morning for San Francisco to bring back John Silva, who committed burglary in the house of Alex Brown on the west side of the track. Chief Crowley arrested Silva yesterday from a description sent by the marshal from San Francisco. Silva is an old offender, and has done time in the penitentiary.

## Killed by a Train.

Nat Mark, or Mark, of Yuba, Kern county, was killed by being run over by a passenger train near Truck last night. The coroner's jury found that the trainmen were not to blame, the deceased being heedless and having paid no attention to the repeated blowing of the whistle.

## INFORMATION FILED

## By District Attorney Tappan Yesterday Afternoon.

The district attorney yesterday filed three informations, as follows: Against Henry Webber, for forgery. Webber is alleged to have forged a check on \$42.50, uttering it on the Bank of Madera for \$42.50, after it had been cashed.

Bill Williams, charged with burglary in entering the room of Walter Leslie, the Reno house and stealing some clothes.

E. N. Warner, charged with burglary. Warner is alleged to have entered the room of R. M. Johnson at the Tomba on October 15th with burglary intent.

## Bontag's New Home.

Deputy Sheriff McCardle has returned from Fresno, where he took George Bontag, convicted of robbery. Bontag behaved himself very well during the trip and was put to work at his old trade, paper hanging and decorating, upon his return to his home, which is in the city.

## Good Price for Green Muscates.

Several refrigerators of green Muscates, second crop, were shipped from this city some time ago for the eastern market as an experiment. Mr. Gillespie, who was represented by one carload, received news from his investment yesterday. His carload was sold in St. Louis by auction for \$1.95 per crate of twenty-six pounds. After deducting all expenses Mr. Gillespie found that the sale netted him \$30 per ton.

## Accident to a Farmer.

T. Langley, a farmer living twelve miles north of Bales station came into Madera yesterday for medical aid. While building a smoke house he fell off the roof and sustained a dislocation of the shoulder.

## KITTRELL'S DEATH.

## ACCIDENTALLY SHOT BY HIS FINANCEE.

A heart-rending scene—the deceased formerly of the People's Savings Bank of Fresno.

The funeral of young Byron C. Kittrell, who was accidentally shot near Modesto last Wednesday by his fiancée, Miss Annie M. Vezey, took place at Modesto yesterday.

The deceased, together with Miss Vezey and Joseph Shale, were shooting at a target and birds with a shotgun and a self-loading pistol carried by Mr. Kittrell. Miss Vezey was firing at a target and as Kittrell was coming up the bank she laughingly pointed the pistol at him and exclaimed, "Your money or your life."

It was the poor fellow's life, for at the same instant a revolver was discharged and he fell with a mortal wound. Miss Vezey did not think that she had hit him, but thought that he was shamming. She went towards him laughing. When she saw the blood and the brains oozing from his forehead, she became hysterical and screamed in a heart-rending manner.

The Modesto News writes the following biography of the deceased: Byron C. Kittrell, the deceased, was born in Idaho, near Shoshone, on March 25, 1872. When about 3 years old he moved with his parents to the ranch of William B. Harp, father of Mrs. Kittrell, about three miles south of Modesto. He was educated in the public schools, when he went to Fresno and entered the Fresno business college, graduating from that institution last March.

"After leaving the school he was a clerk in the People's Savings Bank of Fresno and remained there until two years ago, when he went to Fresno and entered the Fresno business college, graduating from that institution last March.

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## A DAMAGE SUIT.

## Grace Murphy and Mrs. J. Smith.

## SHE WANTS \$10,000 DAMAGES

For Having Been Maliciously Prosecuted by the Defendant.

## The Allegation.

In the superior court yesterday Grace Murphy, a minor, by her guardian ad litem, G. A. Renteria, brought an action for damages against J. Smith.

The complaint alleges that plaintiff is under 18 years of age, that in 1913, and that on November 2, 1892, G. A. Renteria was duly appointed her guardian ad litem by the superior court of this county.

On April 21st of this year at the town of Sanger, California, the defendant, J. Smith, falsely, maliciously and without reasonable cause charged plaintiff before J. B. Walton, justice of the peace at Sanger, with having feloniously stolen certain dress goods of the defendant; and upon this charge caused plaintiff to be taken to the county jail, where she remained for twenty-six pounds. After deducting all expenses Mr. Gillespie found that the sale netted him \$30 per ton.

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## HYPNOTISM GAVE RELIEF.

## A Protracted Case of Hiccoughing Cured by Means of Mesmerism.

An old man with a remarkable ailment hobbled into the city dispensary and sank exhausted into the examining chair. He was a colored man, apparently sixty years of age, and was hiccoughing violently. But his spasms were very weak, sometimes being noiseless and only noticeable by the horrible contortion of his features, as though they gave him excruciating pain. By the aid of signs and a few dispirited words the old man told Dr. Fitzpatrick that he had been hiccoughing since Saturday night at 11 o'clock, or about thirty-six hours. His name was John Pittman, and he lived at 8 North Levee, his occupation being that of a roustabout on the wharf boats.

While he was taking off his clothes he suddenly began to hiccough, and do what he might he could not stop. He tried all the known household remedies, such as drinking "nine swallows of water without changing the bowl," and chomping up two green onions "without letting the juice touch the last molar," and allowing his wife to fire a big pistol beside his ear to "scare them away." They were all fruitless efforts, and Pittman continued to hiccough with any thing but agreeable regularity. All the neighbors on the block came in and present with him to see what he could do. He was taken to the hospital, and all the remedies tried, but to no avail. On Sunday night, however, he was taken to the hospital, and all the remedies tried, but to no avail.

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## A LOVELORN BREWER.

## MARGARET MATHER HAS FASCINATED HIM.

Phonetic love deny the existence of in the Bohemian club, says the Wave. Half a dozen gentlemen of irresistible fascination have told me it is a sign of the philosophic imagination utterly lacking basis in California. Even I would not venture to question the opinion of such experts. However, a regular attendant at the Bush-street theater during the Margaret Mather engagement might obtain tangible proof that these persons are not impostors.

There, one may see young Mr. Pabst, son of the great Milwaukee brewer, delecting with his mild blue eyes, the graceful outlines of the beautiful Margaret Mather. He is the latest of young German-Americans who are flocking to the millionaire beer master. He has not blonde hair and soft, courteous manners. That he lacks dash is a fact, but, in his quietness and his devotion to his mother, he has a certain charm of his own. He is a devoted son, and a devoted lover.

He forgot in his devotion the conventional modesty of self-repression. His passion actually blazed out, his shy nature disappeared, and abandoning his loved Milwaukee, he followed his charmer wherever she went. At her shyness he offered to kiss her, and in fact, he actually can see her during the same part night after night, and those alone who have been to "Emeralds" can realize the devotion this indicates.

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## A SONG OF FRIENDSHIP.

## One friend here—who love have none—was friend of loyal heart.

Who loves faith compels my soul to act to whom I owe my life. Who loves faith compels my soul to act to whom I owe my life. Who loves faith compels my soul to act to whom I owe my life. Who loves faith compels my soul to act to whom I owe my life.

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## RATS LEAVE A SHIP.

## AWARE THAT SHE WAS OVERLOADED AND WOULD FOUNDER.



APPROPRIATE SPECIAL AGENTS



Fresno, Fresno County, California  
By the Fresno Republican Publishing Co.  
The Great Newspaper of Central California.  
Largest Circulation. The Most News.  
Special Advertising Rates.  
(SPECIAL ADVERTISING)  
Weekly Republican, one year, by mail, \$1.50  
Weekly Republican, six months, by mail, \$1.00  
Daily Republican, one year, by mail, \$5.00  
Daily Republican, six months, by mail, \$3.00  
THE BATTLE ENDED.

The national campaign of 1892 ended yesterday, and the American people have again decided so far as the power of their franchise controls the action of parties, what the policy of the government shall be for the next four years.

The result is in doubt, with the chances up to the hour of going to press in favor of the election of Cleveland, owing to Democratic success in New York and the defection of Republican northwestern states, which have probably given majorities for the electors of the People's party.

The partial returns from this state and county indicate that California has stood loyally by the Republican ticket, and that in Fresno county the Democratic majority has very largely decreased and that the county ring has been practically annihilated. This, as a matter of course, is based upon partial returns, but they leave little if any doubt that the bosses and the Holdfasts have been repudiated by the people.

The uncertainty of the results, both in the local and national elections, are such that comment may properly be reserved until further returns have placed the result beyond doubt.

The agony is over.

No kicking, please.

Tax People's Party was in it.

We're all citizens, remember.

G. CLEVELAND, President—after March 5th.

Take your medicine cheerfully, gentlemen.

Tax bosses have a look of painful expectancy.

Tax blanket ballot is all wool and two yards wide.

Now we can bury the hatchet for another four years.

All the fat men in the country must have stood in with Travers.

The Australian ballot may have its defects, but it also has its advantages.

The little rubber stamp talks louder than a campaign orator.

There was a full vote cast in Fresno yesterday—full in numbers but unusually sober.

The friends of the late Louis McWhorter voted in every precinct in Fresno county yesterday.

The people have spoken. Whatever the result, good people will cheerfully accept the popular verdict.

The fall of that Tammany animal stands no higher than the statue of Liberty enlightening the world.

Even the people who don't admire Cleveland will pray for his good health for four years from March 4th.

That rubber stamp got in its work yesterday in great shape. It's little, but it does a whole lot of business.

A traitor people of the nation are thankful that the Milwaukee brewers escaped the destructive conflagration.

Now that the country is saved politically, let all unite in pulling together for the general interests of Fresno county.

Sixty people will vote the straight local ticket whether it suits them or not. They prefer poor politics to good government.

That Tammany tiger is a whole menagerie, with a circus attached and the biggest fat man on earth as the main attraction.

One advantage of the Australian system, it unites it important to keep the voter sober instead of getting him drunk before he casts his ballot.

The Republican county central committee deserves a unanimous vote of thanks for the untiring and able efforts it has put forth in this campaign.

That tiger of Tammany has claws twelve inches long, stripes bigger than the bellyband of Mars, and a tail that can be seen clear across the continent.

That overworked editor can now go back to the pleasant topics which enthrall the public mind when the curtain is rung down on the political campaign.

People who claim to believe that the Republican does not wield a wide influence with the voters of this county, may have occasion to change their minds when the returns are all in.

Recently the news came from Mexico of the extermination of a village of Aztecs by Mexican soldiers. The village, it was, in the state of Chihuahua. The inhabitants were industrious and peaceful until driven to desperation by the extortions of government officials. When no longer able to pay the taxes demanded they bade defiance to their oppressors. Troops were sent to subdue them. The assailants were at first repulsed with considerable slaughter. President Diaz, it is stated, ordered a larger force to the scene, with instructions to annihilate the village unless its people surrendered. The Indians took refuge with their families in the church and awaited the advance of the Mexican soldiers, who outnumbered the Aztecs about forty to one. The latter fought with a courage worthy of the race of Montezuma and Guestemolin. Not a man of the Indians survived, but they are said to have killed 350 Mexicans, or 140 more than the number of the invaders. History has no record of a more heroic defense than that of these brave and simple Indians, driven to despair by intolerable oppression. The incident is another dark entry to the long list of crimes perpetrated by Spanish-American against the native races of this continent, and it is a blot on the administration of President Diaz.

The overworked boy man can now take a much needed rest.

## WHY IT HAPPENED.

It is very easy for an ardent Democrat to tell why the election has gone Democratic by an unusually large majority—about as easy in fact as it is for a Republican to tell why Fresno county elected a majority of the Republican ticket. It is not quite so easy for a Republican to tell why the nation has declared in favor of the platform and the nominees of the Democratic party.

Nothing is to be gained, however, by the party, the newspaper or the individual, in trying to cover up or explain away those things which are evident to every thinking person. The Democratic party platform declared explicitly for the abolition of the protective system, and while the contest was only decided in part upon the tariff issue, the result cannot be considered anything less than a declaration in favor of an abandonment of the protective system. This being the case there is nothing left for this party in power but to put its doctrines in force and try their merits by the supreme test of actual experience. It is the only way, evidently, in which the issue can be satisfactorily determined, and it may as well be tried now as any other time.

We believe that time will demonstrate to the full satisfaction of the most doubting that the protective system is essential to the highest and best interests of the nation, but if the contrary proves to be true, well and good. The greatest good to the greatest number is the only object worthy of being sought for, and by whatever means that is attained it will receive the approval of every truly patriotic citizen.

A number of causes contributed to the Republican defeat. While the administration of President Harrison has been able and clean, and above the reach of honest criticism, Maine was the popular choice of the party, and the keen disappointment caused by the failure to nominate him killed party enthusiasm and lost many votes. The nomination of Whitelaw Reid was a serious blunder, antagonizing the organized labor elements of the country, and making positively weak a ticket of negative strength. These were things which placed the party at a disadvantage and which could not be argued away.

We believe that the Republican party will accept its defeat with becoming candor, and will only ask that the Democratic party fulfill its pledges to the people, and give the country a fair and honest trial of its plainly avowed policy.

The causes which produced a political revolution in Fresno county are so plain that they cannot be misunderstood. It was a revolt of the people against a political combination of bosses and office holders, which had by reason of long continuance in power become arrogant and unaccountable to the public, and had resorted to unfair means in order to perpetuate themselves in power. The people had submitted long and patiently, but the day of reckoning finally came. The spirit of independence and revolt at bossism is noticeable everywhere. Political rings of long standing in both Democratic and Republican strongholds have been ground to atoms by the popular will. It augurs well for the future. It serves notice upon the bosses that they must show a decent regard for the will of the people, or that their best laid plans will come to naught.

As to the parties and the people who have achieved victories, who have been honored with the confidence of the people of Fresno county, it remains for them to prove by their records that they are worthy of the trust confided in them. The people are not ungrateful when served honestly and faithfully, but honest and faithful service they must and will have.

The philosophy of the Indian register is couched with the reflection that, whatever difference there may be upon tariffs, there is practical accord among the people of this country upon maintaining a sound currency, internal improvements, the navy, and pensions. There will be many bad birds to crack in the future but the growth of socialism is the greatest danger which confronts us.

Now, fellow Democrats, get right in and rescue the country from all the calamities which the Republican party has inflicted upon a helpless people. Down with the trusts! Down with the robber manufacturers! Down with the railroad and banking monopolies! The people have given you the opportunity to replace calamity with prosperity, and they will expect you to do it.

It is due to indifference or increasing civilization that the past campaign has been the most respectable ever held in this country so far as the absence of personal abuse is concerned? It entitles us to hope at least that the time has come when a man can run for President without being treated like a criminal.

The terrible disaster which has crushed the Republican party imports many things for examination.

You evidently meant to say that it will result in importing many things? A really great paper ought to be more accurate.

The Los Angeles Times, about which there is nothing new, makes this magnificent offer: "If there is anybody who has not been properly denounced, please send in his name and we will give him a going over, just for luck."

It may be a little previous to ask, but it would be interesting to know whether it will be made a crime to wear socks when the Populists come into power.

How Chairman Carter did hang on to that reform hope.

## THE OFFICIALS DO ROTATE.

Will the Triangles take the "hustle"?

The Hill men are all Cleveland men now.

Run the two spots and smile cheerfully.

MILES WALLACE has a magnificent voice.

Jealousy has been draped in deepest mourning.

Grover would be the star in any fat man's race.

Abolition is now busy whetting up that old meat ax.

Some of the candidates are still on the anxious seat.

It was a great victory—for the English manufacturers.

My Dear Hill had a knife in his boot he kept it there.

Political bossism has received a death blow in Fresno county.

The people have spoken and the Holdfasts have heard them.

Whitelaw Reid was not a tower of strength to the Republican ticket.

Grover said that it didn't mean free trade. Let us hope that he meant it.

Don't carry your political animosities around with you after the battle is over.

The comments of the English papers make interesting reading for Americans.

There is a tinge of sadness mixed with the hilarity in this neck of the woods.

The Know Nothing issue didn't work very well in the Sixty-third assembly district.

Talking about stuffed things, the Tammany tiger is not that kind of an animal.

That Waterloo was a long time coming, but the bosses are into it clear up to their necks.

The official count may be necessary to decide one or two close contests on the county ticket.

The manufacturers of campaign uniforms and tin torpedoes are the calamity howlers now.

That state bank business was in the platform but it won't go. The people won't have it.

Objections to the big ballot system are not coming to the front in any considerable number.

The fellows who did it all by their loneselves are abroad in the land and have a death grip on the public ear.

If socialist ideas continue to spread in this country, state socialism will be the next great issue before the people.

The Republicans of San Francisco have learned a lesson that they will profit by in the future. Republicans will not tolerate bossism.

The Chicago anarchists who are again threatening to destroy Chicago, should be requested to kindly wait until after that little affair next year.

Now let California present a united front in opposition to a reduction of the very moderate duties which protect her infant raisin and fruit industries.

San Francisco thinks she has been disgraced by the election of O'Donnell as mayor. Just how a disreputable mayor disgraces a rotten city has not been explained.

LOCALITY OF RESIDENCE appears to be the test by which people determine a man's fitness for office. Madara's vote for Smith Norris can only be accounted for in that way.

No more ways can be pointed to on the administration of President Harrison. The country has never had an administration freer from scandal and official delinquency.

PROPOSAL of all parties in Fresno county have something to rejoice over. What the matter with having a joint ratification, with several joints in it, and a general whoop-up, on 11th night and good fellowship galore?

The howl of exultation going up from the newspapers over the prospect of seeing getting possession of the American markets will not, we think, be received with marked favor in this land of the free and home of high wages.

That big Republican corruption fund which Grover was so badly agitated about didn't seem to cut a very big figure at the polls. There were two reasons for this—there was no fund of that kind, and the American voter is not for sale to the extent that the next President seemed to think that he was.

A nonchalant of fault is found with the Australian ballot in San Francisco. There naturally would be in any place which puts ignorant ward politicians on election boards and allow gangs of tough and hoodlums to interfere with the rights of respectable citizens. In half way decent communities the system works all right.

On Friday night two bags of money were stolen from an office on California street, says the San Francisco Report. All day Saturday the police kept the matter secret and made others who knew of it maintain the secret. That is the police practice in such cases. We could never quite understand the reason for the secrecy, nor can the police either, perhaps. But secrecy and mystery may seem to add to their personal importance, besides being traditional with the profession of the hawkshaw. Common sense dictates the utmost and speediest publication of all the details. With secrecy, a few policemen only are on the lookout for them, including the reporters, who, when they have had an equal chance, or even anything near an equal chance, have always unearthed some crime and criminals than the police have, and have never in any instance rebuffed crime or criminals after having unearthed them.

Some police keep crime secret in order that when the convicts have been caught the felony of which they are guilty may be conveniently and quietly compounded and "arranged." But, of course, the police do not draw the veil of secrecy from any such motive as that. They are simply laboring under an erroneous and old-fashioned idea of their duty and of the proper thing for a real law-abiding, cat-footed, out-and-out detective to do.

## A PROBABLE ISSUE.

Errors Republished.—In reading the election returns, you were surprised upon the same and other items in this morning's REPUBLICAN to some friends, I read the following: "If socialist ideas continue to spread in this country, state socialism will be the next great issue before the people." The compiler then remarked: "What does he mean by state socialism? I would like to know what that is."

I promised to write the REPUBLICAN for information upon the subject, and if, as you say, state socialism will be the next great issue before the people, I hope that you will answer, through your columns, the question: "What is meant by state socialism? what is its doctrine or policy, etc.?" And oblige.

Yours truly, Old Schoolman.

Fresno, November 10th.

State socialism, in the popular use of the term, is the ownership and operation by the state of industries usually owned and operated by individuals. The ownership by the government of railroads, the telegraph, banking business, etc., is a step in the direction of state socialism.

State socialism has been gaining ground very rapidly in this country during the past few years, and if they continue to spread as they have in the past, the REPUBLICAN is of the opinion that a great political struggle will follow, the result of which will determine whether the government shall be continued in the line of the principles upon which it was founded, or shall feed toward state socialism, in which direction a current of considerable strength is now running.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

The Outlook as Reviewed by a Wall Street Banker.

Henry Clews circular of November 5th contains the following:

The unexpectedly large increase in last week's surplus of the banks is taken as indicating that the outflow of currency will be checked and that the currency market and the shipping market to the south soon to be forthcoming, are likely to be provided for by a reflux of money from the west. The reserves of the city banks, however, are in a low condition—much below what they were a year ago, and lower than has been expected—and while no real stringency is feared yet firm rates for money are expected for the remainder of the year. The net export of \$23,000,000 of gold during a position of the year, has caused a large portion of the year's money resources of the banks. Since February last their stock of gold and legal tenders have been reduced from \$105,000,000 to \$119,000,000 yet with this loss of \$24,000,000 of gold money, the loans have been reduced only \$27,000,000.

Under these circumstances the disquieting movement at the foreign market, and the check on the currency market, there are exceptional reasons for such an anxiety as at present exists to accumulate gold. This hoarding tendency is not due to any commercial wants, but to the fact that, for every dollar where, except in the United States, trade is depressed and contracted. It is due partly to a conviction that the official position of silver may compel an extensive resort to its substitution in banking operations by gold, and also to the springing up of a significant unexplained demand for gold from Russia.

The first of these causes naturally creates deep interest in the approaching monetary conference at Brussels. The bare possibility that something may be done at that gathering to stay the downward movement of silver, however, to have the effect of holding this hoarding tendency in check for the time being; but should this hope be disappointed, it is quite possible that the banking clamor for gold may be revived early next spring. The special importance of this to the United States lies in the fact that this country is looked to as the chief source from which the coveted supplies of gold must be drawn.

The result of the forthcoming conference has therefore a special importance for this country, apart from its bearing upon the general currency market. It is quite possible that the banking clamor for gold may be revived early next spring. The special importance of this to the United States lies in the fact that this country is looked to as the chief source from which the coveted supplies of gold must be drawn.

The drain of gold to Russia is at present a mystery. The Czar's government is understood to have to its credit in England £10,000,000, in Paris \$5,000,000 and Berlin \$1,000,000. In all \$16,000,000 which has been sent to Russia in the form of loans, and the only check upon her continuing her drain is the danger that, in so doing, she may obstruct the lending of a loan for \$20,000,000 which is also believed to be in the hands of the Czar's government. It is likely to conduct her accumulation of gold with a like prodigality; for she also wants to contract a loan of \$20,000,000 in order to refund gold payments, and she is not likely to do so unless she can make good her credit through antecedent purchases of that metal.

It will thus be seen that important operations are impending tending to draw the gold market into a more or less serious and permanent depression, and the sensitiveness of the market to these operations, must be expected to increase rather than diminish.

As to the fulfillment of the prediction that the fall of the market will be only a temporary one, but anticipation will only contribute to such a prediction; and, for the early return of the market to its normal level, a conservative policy. Fortunately, our credit system and the general business of the country are in an exceptionally sound position; and the commerce with which we last year took some \$100,000,000 of gold from the market, and the fact that we have not yet received the full amount of the loan, shows that we can withstand shocks that would stagger the strongest European business.

It has been expected that the bank of England would not seek further advance its rate of discount to 8½ or 9 per cent; and the fact that it has not done so implies that, for the present, at least, these disquieting elements in the European situation are held in abeyance.

A SAVAGE BUTCHER.

Andrew Stiers Makes a Vicious Assault on M. C. De Corbe.

Andrew Stiers was arrested yesterday on a charge of battery preferred by M. C. De Corbe, and brought before Justice O'Brien, who put him under \$1000 bonds.

Judging from the report of the affair and the condition of De Corbe, Stiers ought to have been charged with a more serious offense. Corbe's face looked as if a pavement roller had run across it.

Stiers, the offender, and De Corbe, the complainant, are partners in the butcher business, their place being corner of O and Washington streets. Stiers seems to be a man of no account, and is a drunkard. He drinks heavily at times and then goes on the war path.

He had war paint on yesterday morning and made an assault upon his partner. De Corbe was pushed him against the wall and told him to get out. The man struck him in the face with a cleaver, inflicting a deep wound. De Corbe attempted to defend himself, and he dropped the cleaver and beat Stiers with his fists.

The people in that neighborhood are tired of Stiers' periodical outbreaks, and are anxious to have an example made of him.

By using Tall's Hair Renewer, gray, faded or discolored hair assumes the natural color of youth, and grows luxuriant and strong, pleasing everybody.

T. W. Pratt, 14th and Hendon.

## THE RAISIN WAR.

All the Packers Now Solidly in Line.

PRICES WILL BE MAINTAINED.

Secretary Harvey Succeeded in His Peaceful Mission to the River—side Growers.

The following circular has been issued by William Harvey, secretary of the California Raisin Growers' association.

California Raisin Growers' association, Fresno, November 10th.

Dear Sir.—On the 25th of October a cut was made in raisins in the eastern market by one of our brokers or packers handling raisins, price being \$1.25 per box of 48 lbs. This coming to the knowledge of the packers and brokers in San Francisco some three of the brokers gave the remainder notice that they would no longer be bound by the schedule of prices agreed upon between them and the California Raisin Growers' association, and immediately telegraphed each, instructing their brokers to meet competition. This did not come to the knowledge of the Raisin Growers' association until about 10 o'clock, when by telegraph and post they summoned a meeting of all the packers in Kern, Tulare and Fresno counties, to meet in Fresno on Tuesday, November 11th, and summoned a meeting of all the brokers and packers, to meet in San Francisco on Wednesday.

The delegation was appointed at Tuesday's meeting to interview the packers and brokers in San Francisco, and to insist that the dealers should be discredited. Eight members of the delegation, whose pack record was as follows: 100 carloads, proceeded to San Francisco, and met the brokers who complained of the injustice of their maintaining prices and thereby holding the umbrella and allowing some one else to sell at a reduced price. After a long conference it was decided to meet the packers and the executive committee who were present to make a slight reduction in the price of bag goods to meet foreign competition, conditional upon the packers agreeing to maintain the association's prices for 12 months, and the following pledge was entered into and signed by the brokers and packers in San Francisco, with the exception of Mr. F. W. Porter, who was in San Francisco, and Mr. F. W. Porter, who was in San Francisco.

The resolution reads as follows: "We, the undersigned, hereby pledge ourselves and do mutually agree upon our honor to maintain the price of raisins as fixed by the California Raisin Growers' association, which prices are as follows:

Standard 3-Crown London layers, \$1.05 per box.

Standard 3-Crown London layers, \$1.05 per box.

3-Crown, choice loose, thumb fast, \$1.30 per box.

3-Crown, fancy loose, faced, \$1.30 per box.

3-Crown loose, sacked, 5 cents per pound.

3-Crown loose, sacked, 4½ cents per pound.

3-Crown loose, sacked, 3½ cents per pound.

Standard 3-Crown, loose box, \$1.15 per box.

Seedless Muscat, 1 cent per pound.

Seedless Muscat, fancy, 5 cents per pound.

Seedless Muscat, fancy boxed, \$1.20 per box.

Third-rate Muscat, sacked, 3 cents per pound.

Understand that this is to take immediate effect, and that we under no consideration deviate from the above prices. All prices to be f.o.b. from point of departure. There shall be no taking effect when Riverside agrees.

Griffin, Kelly & Co., Johnson-Locke Mercantile Co., Noble Bros., Schacht, Lemke & Steiner, Fresno Home Packing Co., Cook, Langley & Co., W. F. Beck & Co., Messrs & Stuart, C. M. W. & Co., Mandel, Lovell & Co., J. K. Armistead.

Under instructions from the committee the writer summoned by telegraph a meeting of the Riverside packers, which was held in Riverside on Saturday last, when the packers agreed to sign the same with the packers with the exception of Messrs. Patten & Leete Company, who could not sign in consequence of Mr. Lindor, partner in the firm, being in the military part of the state. He will return to his home in a few days, and doubt his representatives will be obtained. I proceeded to San Diego county and obtained the signatures of the packers there. Already packers and brokers handling raisins to the amount of \$900,000 of the total pack of the state, have signed and assented to the above agreement, and I look upon the matter as settled. Yours, very truly,

Wm. Harvey, Secretary.

San Francisco Raisin Growers' Ass'n.

The County's Money.

The following amounts, received in fees by the officials mentioned during the month of October: Tax Collector Guard, \$342.75, received for licenses; Recorder T. A. Bell, \$854.76, fees; Sheriff M. Hensley, \$94.66 and \$905.45 fees.

C. B. Shaver, the superintendent of the Pine Ridge mine, came down from the mountains late yesterday afternoon, accompanied by his family.

He Enjoyed It.

New York, November 8.—Telegrams and letters have heralded poured into the Cleveland residence this morning. Mrs. Cleveland said she was the center of a group of distinguished people in her drawing-room last night, while two telegraph instruments on the floor above tapped off the latest advice from all parts of the world.

They do not fly. They have just merely a small fish to swim with while in the water. They just make a hole in the snow, lay two eggs and sit on them as any bird, right in the snow. But nature provides a way out of all these scrapes, as it were. Their eggs are a good substitute for hen's eggs.—New York World.

Medical Excavations.

The Mexican government has recently been making some excavations in the plaza of Tlatelolco, which have resulted in recovering some very interesting remains of the ancient Aztecs.

Three feet below the surface a white floor of cement was found. Three feet farther down was another. Below that steps of terraced work painted blue were uncovered, forming a low pyramid; beneath these were crypts, containing human bones and some relics. Among the latter were whistles of glazed pottery, a stone mask, and a pottery stamp, in which appeared the cross of Quetzalcoatl.

In another part of the excavations were found small idols or house gods, made of wood and others the moon. One thousand arrowheads of obsidian and serpentine were unearthed. Many articles used in the game of ball were also excavated. A great many other interesting relics of the ancient Aztec civilization were brought to light.—Boston Transcript.

A Yancey Jr., father of Dr. M. V. Yancey of this city, died at his home in Grenada, Kas., at 74 years old yesterday morning. He was 74 years old.

## AN OLD SAILOR'S YARN.

A STORY OF HARDSHIP AND DEATH IN THE ANTARCTIC OCEAN.

A Great Crew of Seven Men Left on an Island and Not Called For—Six of the Unfortunate Finally Lost Their Lives. Some Idea of the Place.

Captain Eldridge, of the steamer Catharine Whiting, is one of those brave, old-time tars who used to start off from some New England port in a sailing vessel which would return only after a voyage of two or three years. During those lengthy and tempestuous buffalings with the sea Captain Eldridge saw much that was of interest. Some of the things he has told with a quaint marine candor worthy of being exactly reproduced. He says:

I saw in The World where three men were left on an island in the Arctic. This reminds me of a boat crew that was left on an island in the Antarctic ocean in 1871 by the schooner Franklin, of New London, Captain James Holmes, master. They were landed on Cape Sherid to kill what seals they could while the schooner went on a searching voyage—that is to say, looking for rocks, or places where seals travel up on the beach to rear their young.

Well, they were to stay there until the schooner returned, which would be in ten days or more. So ten days' provisions were given them, and when ten days had expired the men did not know but the vessel was lost. So they took in their boat the carcasses of seals and started for Porter's cove, 550 miles away, where they expected to find the bark Nita, for it was expected the vessel would sail on the 15th day of March for New London. They arrived there on the 14th, and she had sailed on the 13th, as it appeared. Now what were they to do without clothes or fuel, no provisions or shelter,















